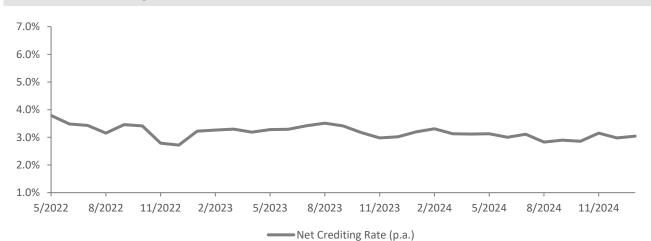


Historical Crediting Rates



Notice: The above shows the historical net crediting rates per annum of this product. Net crediting rates are declared on a monthly basis based on the net crediting rate per annum for the respective month, depending on the performance of the underlying fund of this product after deducting investment tax, fund management charge and supplementary charge. Smoothing mechanism will be used when calculating the net crediting rate to smooth out the volatility of the net crediting rate declared as compared to the underlying fund performance. Past performance of the underlying fund is not an indication of its future performance.

Net Crediting Rates (by month)

Month	2024									2025		
WOTUT	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan
Per Annum	3.31%	3.13%	3.12%	3.13%	3.00%	3.11%	2.83%	2.90%	2.86%	3.15%	2.98%	3.04%
Monthly	0.26%	0.26%	0.25%	0.26%	0.24%	0.26%	0.24%	0.24%	0.24%	0.26%	0.25%	0.25%

Net Crediting Rates (by year)

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
-	-	2.19%	3.25%	3.07%

Note: The above are actual year-to-date net crediting rates. Great Flexi Wealth Plus was launched in May 2022.

16 January 2017

Medium

GELM Investment

NP 16 Fund Performance (by year)

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
4.09%	7.13%	1.96%	-0.27%	1.57%	5.65%	6.69%

Note: The above are fund performance of underlying fund-NP16.

Top 5 Holdings

- 1. Tenaga Nasional Bhd
- 2. Malaysia Government Investment Issue
- Cagamas Bhd
- 4. Sarawak Energy Bhd
- 5. Malaysia Government Bond

Underlying Fund Objective

Underlying Fund Info – NP16

Inception Date

Fund Manager

Risk Profile

The underlying fund of this product aims to achieve medium to long-term capital appreciation by investing in a mixture of equities and fixed income securities with good fundamentals and growth potential.

Investment Strategy & Approach

The underlying fund invests in a mixture of equities and fixed income securities with good fundamentals and growth potential, and is actively managed with top-down approach and bottom-up approach. Top-down approach by adopting a disciplined macroeconomic framework to identify major turning points in global financial markets to determine long-term assets allocation decisions. Bottom-up approach in stock/bond selection process which relies on various factors including financial position, valuation, company or industry risks and prospects.

Asset Allocation

The underlying fund invests a maximum of 85% in fixed income securities, and a maximum of 30% in Malaysian equities and foreign equities (up to 10%). The balance will be invested in liquid assets which include money market instruments and cash **Prisedential prise and policy contract.** Potential policyholders should be aware that the underlying fund may be exposed to various risks including but not limited to market risk, liquidity risk, credit risk, inflation risk and currency risk.